

MATH 402 Worksheet 1

Friday 8/26/16

We are studying the system of a small experimental school, which would like to implement the following rules in the new semester:

- (A) There will be 5 offered courses: art, biology, history, math, sociology.
- (B) To maximize focus, every student will take exactly two courses.
- (C) To maximize interaction among students, every pair of courses will have exactly one common student.

Call this “axiomatic system” S_5 . Find a way to geometrically model this system, and then answer the following questions (and prove your answers using only the given axioms (A)-(C)).

- (1) For the new scheme to work, how many students ought to be enrolled in the school?
- (2) Show that any two students can have at most one course in common.
- (3) How many students are in each class?
- (4) How would the answers to the previous questions change if there are n offered courses, where n is an arbitrary natural number? Call such a system S_n .
- (5) Make a sketch for S_3, S_4, S_5 .
- (6) Is S_n consistent? Complete? Are its axioms independent?

Bonus problem: *(If you don't have time in class, work on this problem at home.)*

Consider the axiomatic system S defined as follows:

Terms. The undefined terms are points, and a line is defined as a subset of points.

- (S1) There are finitely many points.
- (S2) Any two different points belong to an exactly one line.
- (S3) Any two different lines have exactly one point in common.
- (S4) There exist four points such that any three of them do not belong to the same line.

From S define a new system T , in such that

- the points of S are the lines of the new system T , and vice versa,
- the lines of S are the points of the new system T .

For this to make sense, we also suitably adjust the notion of “belonging:” If a point p belonged to a line l in S , the line corresponding to p in T now contains the point corresponding to l .

- (1) Show that T also satisfies Axioms S1-S4 above.
- (2) Show that Axioms S1-S4 are independent from each other. Note that this means you need to show the following four sub-statements:
 - Axiom 1 is independent from Axioms 2-4.
 - Axiom 2 is independent from Axioms 1,3,4.
 - Axiom 3 is independent from Axioms 1,2,4.
 - Axiom 4 is independent from Axioms 1-3.