

Math 130, Section &E4, Fall 2001
Final, December 10

SHOW ALL WORK TO QUALIFY FOR FULL CREDIT.
MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SCORE: 130 POINTS

1. 20 points Set $a_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \ln(n^2 + 10) - 2 \ln n$ for all $n \geq 1$.

(a) 10 points Does $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$ exist? If so, what is it?

(b) 10 points Does $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ exist?

2. 20 points What is the interval of convergence of the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^n (x-3)^{2n}}{\sqrt{n+3}}?$$

3. 20 points Find the MacLaurin series (i.e., the Taylor series about $x = 0$) of the functions

(a) 10 points $f(x) = e^x$.

(b) 10 points $f(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (x-4)^2$.

4. 20 points Define the function $f(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} xe^{2x}$.

(a) 10 points Recalling the MacLaurin series for e^x (see the previous question) give a power series (about $x = 0$) for f .

(b) 10 points Compute $f^{(10)}(0)$.

5. 20 points Compute the following integrals

(a) 10 points $\int_2^4 \frac{\ln(\ln x)}{x} dx$.

(b) 10 points $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{(4-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$.

6. 10 points Consider the integral

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{e^{1/x}}{x^2} dx.$$

Does the integral converge or diverge? If it converges, evaluate it.

7. 20 points Consider the curve $r = 5 \cos \theta$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/4$.

(a) 10 points Compute the area bounded by this curve and the lines $\theta = 0$ and $\theta = \pi/4$.

(b) 10 points Compute the arc length of this curve.