

Name Solutions

NetID \_\_\_\_\_

UIN \_\_\_\_\_

Circle your TA discussion section.

- ▷ AD1, TR 9:00-10:50, Andrew McConvey
- ▷ AD2, TR 1:00-2:50, Sarah Loeb
- ▷ ADA, TR 8:00-8:50, Christopher Linden
- ▷ ADB, TR 9:00-9:50, Dakota Ihli
- ▷ ADC, TR 10:00-10:50, Cassie Christenson
- ▷ ADD, TR 11:00-11:50, Daulet Dyussekenov
- ▷ ADE, TR 12:00-12:50, Daulet Dyussekenov
- ▷ ADF, TR 1:00-1:50, Cassie Christenson
- ▷ ADG, TR 2:00-2:50, Xinghua Gao
- ▷ ADH, TR 3:00-3:50, Xinghua Gao
- ▷ ADJ, TR 9:00-9:50, Lan Wang
- ▷ ADK, TR 10:00-10:50, Lan Wang
- ▷ ADO, TR 2:00-2:50, Christopher Linden
- ▷ ADQ, TR 4:00-4:50, Dakota Ihli

- Sit in your assigned seat (circled below).
- Do not open this test booklet until I say *START*.
- Turn off all electronic devices and put away all items except a pen/pencil and an eraser.
- Remove hats and sunglasses.
- There is no partial credit on multiple-choice questions. For all other questions, you must show sufficient work to justify your answer.
- While the test is in progress, we will not answer questions concerning the test material.
- Do not leave early unless you are at the end of a row.
- Quit working and close this test booklet when I say *STOP*.
- Quickly turn in your test to me or a TA and show your Student ID.

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19								
1	2	3	4	5	6	K													J	J	1	2	3					
1	2	3	4	5	6	J	J	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	J	J	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	I	I	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	I	I	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	H	H	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	H	H	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	G	G	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	G	G	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	F	F	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	F	F	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	E	E	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	E	E	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	D	D	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	D	D	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	C	C	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	C	C	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	B	B	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	B	B	1	2	3	4	5	6
						A	A	1	2	3							1	2	3	A	A							

1. (10 points) Find  $g'(t)$  given that  $g(t) = \frac{\arctan(t^9)}{t^{21}}$

$$g'(t) = \frac{\frac{d}{dt}(\arctan(t^9)) \cdot t^{21} - \arctan(t^9) \cdot \frac{d}{dt}(t^{21})}{(t^{21})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{1+(t^9)^2} \cdot 9t^8 \cdot t^{21} - \arctan(t^9) \cdot 21t^{20}}{(t^{21})^2}$$

or use product rule

$$\text{on } g(t) = \arctan(t^9) \cdot t^{-21}$$

2. (10 points) Find  $w'(x)$  given that  $w(x) = e^{7\sin^6(5x)}$

$$w'(x) = e^{7\sin^6(5x)} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(7\sin^6(5x))$$

$$= e^{7\sin^6(5x)} \cdot 7 \cdot 6\sin^5(5x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\sin(5x))$$

$$= e^{7\sin^6(5x)} \cdot 7 \cdot 6\sin^5(5x) \cdot \cos(5x) \cdot 5$$

3. (10 points) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  given that  $x^5y^8 = 14x^3 + 5y$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^5y^8) = \frac{d}{dx}(14x^3 + 5y)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^5) \cdot y^8 + x^5 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y^8) = 42x^2 + 5 \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$5x^4y^8 + x^5 \cdot 8y^7 \frac{dy}{dx} = 42x^2 + 5 \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$8x^5y^7 \frac{dy}{dx} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} = 42x^2 - 5x^4y^8$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}(8x^5y^7 - 5) = 42x^2 - 5x^4y^8$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{42x^2 - 5x^4y^8}{8x^5y^7 - 5}$$

4. (10 points) Find the equation of the line tangent to the following curve at its  $y$ -intercept.

$$y = 5 \sin(x) + 25e^x + 12x + 10$$

For  $y$ -int, set  $x=0$ .

$$y = 5 \sin(0) + 25e^0 + 12(0) + 10 \\ = 35$$

$$\text{Point: } (0, 35)$$

$$y' = 5 \cos(x) + 25e^x + 12$$

$$y'(0) = 5 \cos(0) + 25e^0 + 12 \\ = 42$$

$$\text{slope: } 42$$

$$\text{tangent line:} \\ y = 42x + 35$$

5. (10 points) A bullet is shot upward from the surface of a planet so that its height in meters until coming to rest is given by the equation  $s(t) = 195t - 6.5t^2$  where  $t$  is measured in seconds. Answer the following questions and be sure to use proper units in each answer.

(a) What is the acceleration due to gravity on this planet?

(vel)  $s'(t) = 195 - 13t$

(acc)  $s''(t) = -13 \text{ m/s}^2$

(b) What is the bullet's initial velocity?

$s'(0) = 195 \text{ m/s}$

(c) At what time does the bullet reach its maximum height?

crit. number]  $s'(t) = 0 \Rightarrow 195 - 13t = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{195}{13} = 15$   
 values of  $s'(t)$   $\begin{matrix} +++ & 0 & --- \\ & 15 & \end{matrix} \rightarrow t$  max. height at  $t = 15 \text{ s}$

6. (10 points) Evaluate the limit. You must fully justify your answer.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{13x} - 13x - 1}{e^{7x} - 7x - 1} \begin{matrix} \rightarrow 0 \\ \leftarrow 0 \end{matrix} \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{13e^{13x} - 13}{7e^{7x} - 7} \begin{matrix} \rightarrow 0 \\ \rightarrow 0 \end{matrix} \quad (\text{by l'Hospital's Rule})$$

$$\stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{169e^{13x}}{49e^{7x}} \quad (\text{by l'Hospital's Rule})$$

$$= \frac{169}{49}$$

7. (10 points) Find the absolute minimum  $y$ -value of the given function.

$$y = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x-81}}$$

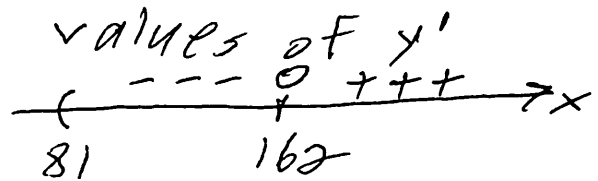
domain:  $x-81 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 81$

$$y' = \frac{2 \cdot \sqrt{x-81} - 2x \cdot \frac{1}{2} (x-81)^{-1/2}}{(\sqrt{x-81})^2}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x-81} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{x-81}}}{x-81} \quad \left( \text{multiply by } \frac{\sqrt{x-81}}{\sqrt{x-81}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2(x-81) - x}{(x-81)\sqrt{x-81}}$$

$$= \frac{x-162}{(x-81)\sqrt{x-81}}$$



- abs. min at  $x=162$  is

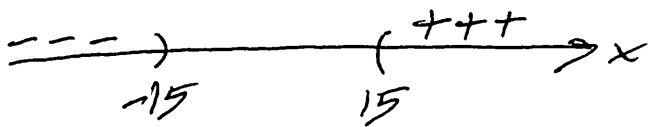
$$y = \frac{2 \cdot 162}{\sqrt{162-81}} = \frac{324}{\sqrt{81}} = \frac{324}{9} = 36$$

8. (10 points) Let  $f(x) = \ln(x^2 - 225)$ . Determine each interval where  $f$  is increasing and each interval where  $f$  is decreasing.

domain:  $x^2 - 225 > 0 \Rightarrow x^2 > 225 \Rightarrow |x| > 15 \Rightarrow x < -15$  or  $x > 15$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2-225} \cdot 2x = \frac{2x}{(x+15)(x-15)}$$

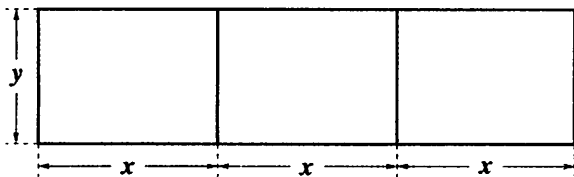
values of  $f'(x)$



$f' < 0 \Rightarrow f$  decreasing on  $(-\infty, -15)$

$f' > 0 \Rightarrow f$  increasing on  $(15, \infty)$

9. (10 points) A farmer wishes to fence off three identical adjoining rectangular pens as in the diagram shown, but she only has 600 feet of fencing available. Determine the values for  $x$  and  $y$  which will maximize the total area enclosed by these three pens.



$$\begin{aligned} 6x + 4y &= 600 \\ 4y &= 600 - 6x \\ y &= \frac{600 - 6x}{4} \\ y &= 150 - \frac{3}{2}x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 3xy \\ &= 3x\left(150 - \frac{3}{2}x\right) \\ &= 450x - \frac{9}{2}x^2 \end{aligned}$$

maximize  $A$  for  $x$  in  $(0, 100)$  (do you see why  $x < 100$ ?)

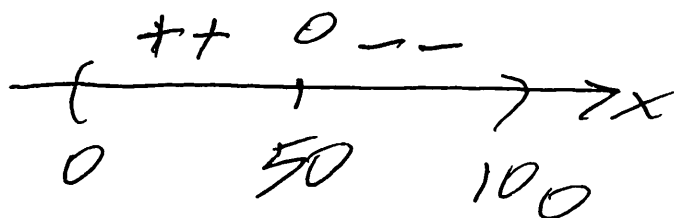
$$A' = 450 - 9x$$

$$0 = 450 - 9x$$

$$9x = 450$$

$$x = 50$$

values of  $A'$



abs max. at  $x = 50$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 150 - \frac{3}{2}(50) \\ &= 75 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 50 \text{ ft} \\ y &= 75 \text{ ft} \\ A &= 11250 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

10. (10 points) A spherical balloon is inflated at a constant rate of  $120\pi$  cubic feet per minute. At one particular time, the balloon's radius is increasing at 5 feet per minute. What is the balloon's radius at that particular time?

$$\text{Given: } \frac{dV}{dt} = 120\pi \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{want: } r \mid \frac{dr}{dt} = 5 \text{ ft}/\text{min}$$

---

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(V) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3\right)$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$120\pi = 4\pi r^2 (5)$$

$$\frac{120\pi}{20\pi} = r^2$$

$$6 = r^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{6} \text{ ft}$$

**Students – do not write on this page!**

1. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

2. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

3. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

4. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

5. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

6. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

7. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

8. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

9. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

10. (10 points) \_\_\_\_\_

**TOTAL (100 points)** \_\_\_\_\_