

Name

Solutions

- You have 15 minutes
- No calculators
- Show sufficient work

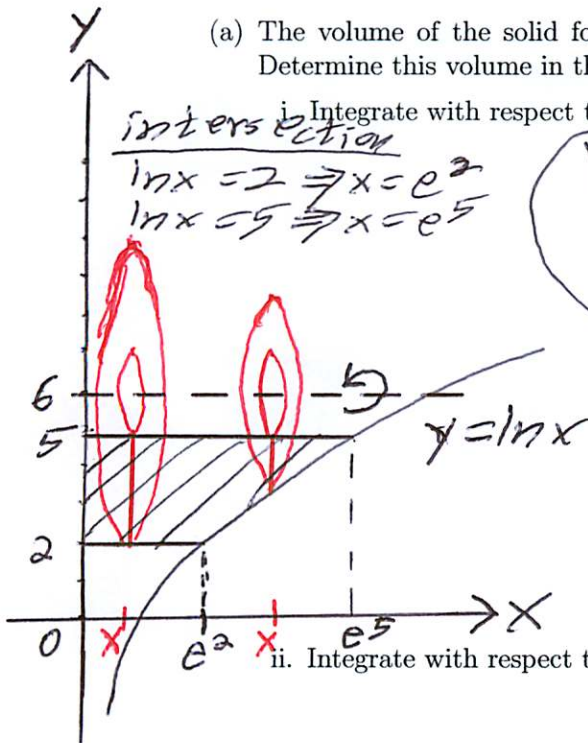
1. (6 points) Let R be the finite region bounded by the graphs of $y = \ln x$, $y = 2$, $y = 5$ and $x = 0$. Set up, but do not evaluate, definite integrals which represent the volumes of the following solids.


(a) The volume of the solid formed when R is revolved around the horizontal line $y = 6$. Determine this volume in the following two ways.

i. Integrate with respect to x .

Intersection
 $\ln x = 2 \Rightarrow x = e^2$
 $\ln x = 5 \Rightarrow x = e^5$

$$V = \int_0^{e^2} (\pi(6-2)^2 - \pi(6-5)^2) dx + \int_{e^2}^{e^5} (\pi(6-\ln x)^2 - \pi(6-5)^2) dx$$

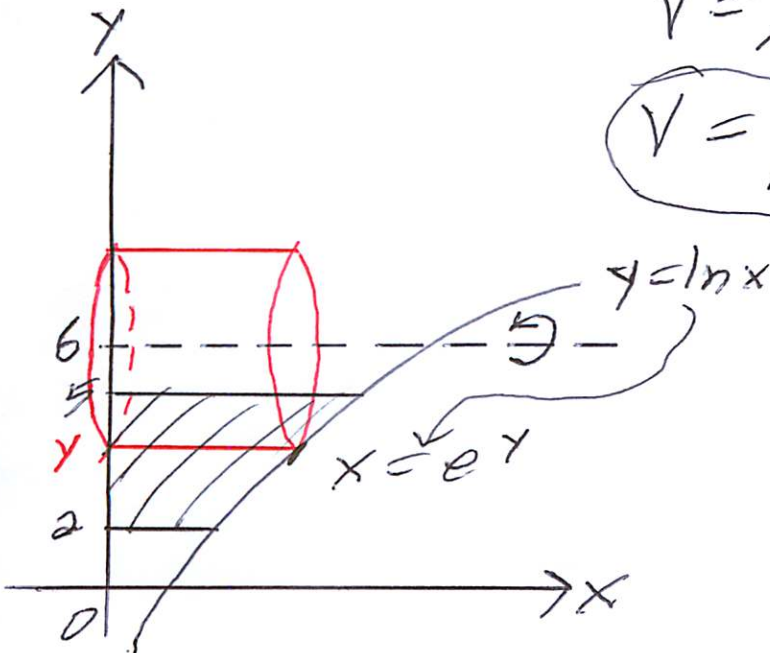


Note: cross-section is  so we used $\int (\pi r_{out}^2 - \pi r_{in}^2) dx$

ii. Integrate with respect to y . (Use different integrands in parts i and ii.)

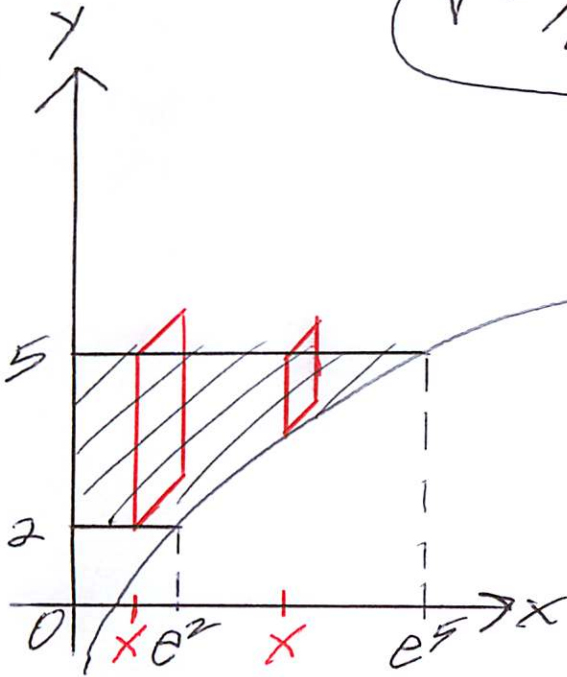
$$V = \int_2^5 2\pi r h dy$$

$$V = \int_2^5 2\pi(6-y)(e^y) dy$$



- (b) The volume of the solid with base R for which the cross-sections perpendicular to the x -axis are squares.

$$V = \int_0^{e^2} (3)^2 dx + \int_{e^2}^{e^5} (5 - \ln x)^2 dx$$



$$y = \ln x$$

cross-section:



so we used

$$\int_a^b (\text{side length})^2 dx$$

2. (4 points) Find the average value of the function $f(x) = 3x\sqrt{x^2 + 9}$ on the interval $[0, 4]$. Simplify your answer.

$$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{ave}} &= \frac{1}{4-0} \int_0^4 3x\sqrt{x^2+9} dx \\ &= \frac{3}{4} \int_0^4 x\sqrt{x^2+9} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \int_9^{25} \sqrt{u} \cdot \frac{1}{2} du$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} \int_9^{25} u^{1/2} du$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} \left[\frac{1}{3/2} u^{3/2} \right]_9^{25}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (25)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{4} (9)^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{125}{4} - \frac{27}{4} = \frac{98}{4} = \frac{49}{2} = 24.5$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x^2 + 9 \\ du &= 2x dx \\ \frac{1}{2} du &= x dx \end{aligned}$$

x	$u = x^2 + 9$
0	9
4	25