

Approximating higher algebra by derived algebra

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1 minute summary

Theory

My work develops:

- A framework for producing obstruction theories, which is
 - ▶ General, intended to be easily applicable to new situations;
 - ▶ Conceptual, with good formal properties;
- Some of the algebra necessary for applications.

Applications

In a motivating case, this gives:

- New tools for working over Lubin-Tate spectra;
- Application: new \mathbb{E}_∞ complex orientations at heights $n \leq 2$.

Some background

Definition

A *periodic complex orientation* of R is a multiplicative map $MUP \rightarrow R$.

Big question

If R is \mathbb{E}_∞ , can $MUP \rightarrow R$ be made \mathbb{E}_∞ ?

Example

Todd genus: $MUP \rightarrow KU$. Can this be made \mathbb{E}_∞ ? Theorem (B.): Yes.

Some background (cont.)

Arithmetic fracture

Problem splits into primes: enough for $MUP \rightarrow KU_p^\wedge$ to be made \mathbb{E}_∞ .

Lubin-Tate spectra

The spectrum KU_p^\wedge is a Lubin-Tate spectrum. These are:

- Associated to finite height n formal groups over perfect fields;
 - ▶ KU_p^\wedge comes from $\widehat{\mathbb{G}}_m$ over \mathbb{F}_p , this is height $n = 1$;
- \mathbb{E}_∞ ring spectra by the Goerss-Hopkins-Miller theorem.

Towards the general framework

\mathbb{H}_∞ orientations (Ando, Ando-Hopkins-Strickland, Zhu)

Can start by studying \mathbb{H}_∞ orientations $MUP \rightarrow E$. These

- Exist for any E ;
- Can be classified with formal group theory.

Input

- \mathbb{H}_∞ orientations $\Leftrightarrow E_*MUP \rightarrow E_*$ respecting E -power operations;
- Classification amounts to describing power operations on E_*MUP .

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Dream

Use E -power operations to say \mathbb{E}_∞ things, not just \mathbb{H}_∞ things.

Focus of work

- Develop a framework that makes it easy to realize dreams like this;
- Understand relevant algebra, and apply to E -theory and more.

Algebraic approximations

A common recipe

- Input: a homotopy theory \mathcal{M} with free objects $\mathcal{P} \subset \mathcal{M}$;
- Output: an algebraic category approximating the category \mathcal{M} .

This is made easy using *algebraic theories*.

Construction

- Idea: make $\mathrm{h}\mathcal{P}$ the free objects of the algebraic category;
- Get $\mathrm{Model}_{\mathrm{h}\mathcal{P}} = \text{presheaves } X \text{ with } X(\coprod_i P_i) \simeq \prod_i X(P_i)$.

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Lots of examples

- For $(G-)\mathbb{A}_\infty$ ring A , get $\mathrm{LMod}_A^{\mathrm{free}} \rightsquigarrow \mathrm{LMod}_{A_*}$;
- Have $\mathcal{C}\mathrm{Alg}_{\mathbb{F}_p}^{\mathrm{free}} \rightsquigarrow \{\mathbb{F}_{p^*}\text{-rings with Dyer-Lashof operations}\}$;
- Have $\mathcal{C}\mathrm{Alg}_E^{\mathrm{loc,free}} \rightsquigarrow \{\text{Objects with } E\text{-power operations}\}$.

Homotopy theory of models

Models of an algebraic theory \mathcal{P}

- Object of $\text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}$ can be a presheaf $X: \mathcal{P}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{Gpd}_{\infty}$;
- \mathcal{P} itself can be an ∞ -category.

Quillen's homotopical algebra

- For \mathcal{P} a 1-category, $\text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}} =$ homotopy theory of sSet-models;
- Cohomology intrinsic to $\text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}$: classic Quillen cohomology.

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Refinement of dream

For $\mathcal{P} \subset \mathcal{M}$ free objects, produce obstruction theories $\text{Model}_{\text{h}\mathcal{P}} \Rightarrow \mathcal{M}$.

Higher homotopy theories

A problem

In our examples of free objects $\mathcal{P} \subset \mathcal{M}$:

- \mathcal{P} is an algebraic theory before truncating;
- $\mathcal{M} \rightarrow \text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}$ is not an equivalence.

Intuition: need operations indexed over higher-dimensional shapes.

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Defn: resolution theories (following Hopkins-Lurie, Pstrągowski)

- \mathcal{P} such that for $P \in \mathcal{P}$, tensor $S^1 \otimes P = \text{colim}_{x \in S^1} P$ exists in \mathcal{P} ;
- $\text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}^{\Omega} = \text{models } X \text{ such that } X(S^1 \otimes P) \simeq X(P)^{S^1}$.

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Metatheorem I (B.)

For given $\mathcal{P} \subset \mathcal{M}$, and anything like them, we have $\mathcal{M} \simeq \text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}^{\Omega}$.

Back to applications

Metatheorem II (B.).

The context

$$\text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}^{\Omega} \leftarrow \rightsquigarrow \text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}} \leftarrow \rightsquigarrow \text{Model}_{\text{h}\mathcal{P}}$$

lets you easily build obstruction theories etc. of the form

$$\{\text{Algebra of } \text{Model}_{\text{h}\mathcal{P}}\} \Rightarrow \{\text{Homotopy of } \text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}^{\Omega}\}.$$

Basic example

Have obstruction theory “ $H_{\text{h}\mathcal{P}/\pi B}^{p-q}(\pi A; \pi B^{S^q}) \Rightarrow \pi_q \text{Map}_{\text{Model}_{\mathcal{P}}^{\Omega}}(A, B)$ ”.

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Ex: apply to $\mathcal{C}\text{Alg}_E^{\text{loc}} \simeq \text{Model}_{\mathcal{C}\text{Alg}_E^{\text{loc, free}}}^{\Omega}$ for Lubin-Tate E

- General features of $\text{Model}_{\text{h}\mathcal{C}\text{Alg}_E^{\text{loc, free}}}$ fit into a nice algebraic story, and Quillen cohomology here can be made more explicit;
- Using Rezk’s work on power operations, get bounds on $H_{\text{h}\mathcal{P}}^*$;
- Vanishing obstruction groups at heights ≤ 2 give $\mathbb{E}_{\infty} MUP \rightarrow E$.